

HANDOUT E: DISASTER BLASTER GAME CARDS 1–12 (PRINT VERSION)



Q. True or False?

If you are caught in a fire, you should stay close to the ground.

A. True

Q. Why is it important to have practice drills, like fire drills?

A. So you can practice what to do in different kinds of emergencies.

Q. You smell smoke and think something is on fire in the building. What should you do?

A. Shut the door, get out of the building, and call for help (911).



Q. Someone comes into your workplace with a gun. What should you do?

A. Run away and hide if you can. If you have to, fight back.

Q. How many exit routes must your workplace have?

A. Enough to allow for everyone to get out safely. But at least two.

Q. What two common household cleaning products should you never mix?

A. Ammonia and bleach. They make chlorine gas, which can hurt you.



Q. You hear a fire alarm. What should you do?

A. Leave the building and go to the meeting place your supervisor has told you to go.

Q. What phone number should you call to report an emergency?

A. 911

Q. What should you do if you get a bad cut?

A. Put pressure on the cut. Don't let the people you work with touch your blood. Tell your boss and get help if you need it from a doctor or nurse.



Q. You think you smell gas in the building. What should you do?

A. Get out as fast as you can. Tell your boss.

Q. What should be used to put out a grease fire on a stove?


A. A pan lid, baking soda, or a fire extinguisher. Never water or flour.

Q. What should you do if you are in a building and the power goes out?

A. Stay calm. Stay where you are until someone tells you what to do.



HANDOUT E: DISASTER BLASTER GAME CARDS 13–24 (PRINT VERSION)

 <p>Q. How do you keep from spreading the cold or flu?</p> <p>A. Cover your nose and mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Wash your hands. Don't touch your eyes, nose, or mouth. Stay home when you are sick.</p>	<p>Q. You are told to leave the building because of an emergency. When should you return?</p> <p>A. When your boss or someone in charge tells you to.</p>	<p>Q. Someone falls off a ladder and injures his back. What should you do?</p> <p>A. Do not move him yourself (this might hurt him more). Tell your boss or call 911 for help.</p>
 <p>Q. If your clothes catch on fire, what should you do?</p> <p>A. Stop, drop, and roll. Smother the flames with a blanket. Never run.</p>	<p>Q. You are outside in lightning and can't get to shelter. What should you do?</p> <p>A. Stay low to the ground, keep away from trees and metal things.</p>	<p>Q. What should you do if you notice a fire sprinkler head is broken?</p> <p>A. Tell your supervisor.</p>
 <p>Q. What are the information sheets called that tell about chemical products?</p> <p>A. Safety Data Sheets —SDS.</p>	<p>Q. What is at least one thing that should be in an emergency kit?</p> <p>A. Water, flashlight and batteries, first aid supplies.</p>	<p>Q. What does the skull and crossbones symbol mean?</p> <p>A. Poison.</p>
 <p>Q. A chemical gets into your eye. What should you do?</p> <p>A. Rinse your eye with water for at least 15 minutes. Tell your boss.</p>	<p>Q. Who are some of the professionals who can help in an emergency?</p> <p>A. Fire fighters, police, paramedics.</p>	<p>Q. If you find a chemical spill, what should you do?</p> <p>A. Stay away and tell your boss.</p>
		

HANDOUT E: DISASTER BLASTER GAME CARDS 25–33 (PRINT VERSION)



Q. How should you try and act in an emergency?

A. Calm.

Q. What do exit signs tell you?

A. Where to go to get out of the building.

Q. What is an “evacuation route”?

A. The way you should go to get out of a building in an emergency.



Q. What should you do if you see someone having a seizure?

A. Stay calm. Ask for help. Protect the person from getting hurt by guiding them gently to the ground so they don’t fall and are laying on their side.

Q. What should you do for a very serious burn?

A. Call 911. Don’t remove clothing stuck to the burned area.

Q. Someone you work with slips on a wet floor, hits his head, and passes out. What do you do?

A. Don’t move him. Call 911. Check his breathing and heartbeat. Cover him, and keep him warm.



Q. Why should you be very careful around machinery? What makes it dangerous?

A. It usually has moving parts which can cut you, pinch you, or crush you. It also usually uses electricity which can shock you.

Q. The heat is making you sick. What should you do?

A. Get out of the sun. Drink cool water. Lie down and raise your feet. Call 911.

Q. You are inside a building and begin to feel the shaking of an earthquake. What should you do?

A. Get under something heavy or sturdy like a desk or door frame.

