FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING REPLICATION RESOURCE TOOLKIT

Family Centered Transition Planning is an evidence-based approach to planning for the transition to adult life for individuals on the autism spectrum that has been implemented in Maine, New Hampshire, and California. This Resource Toolkit provides the basic materials needed to implement the approach.

- 1. General Service Timeline for project components
- 2. Enrollment Form for students and families
- 3. Facilitator Competencies for use in selecting and evaluating Planning Facilitators
- 4. Outline for Parent Training Sessions
- 5. Advocacy Policy to avoid conflicts of interest for implementing organizations
- 6. Report Format for situations where FCTP is funded as a Vocational Rehabilitation service

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING GENERAL SERVICE TIMELINE

Family Training	Family-Centered Planning	Outputs
Obtain family	Enrollment Meeting/Interview	
commitment to	Enrollment paperwork	
session schedule.	Establish purpose for planning	
	3. Complete Vocational Decision-Making Inventory	
Session 1*		
	Facilitator / family match; Role clarifications with families,	
	youth, facilitator	
	1 st Meeting	Digital photos & brief
	4. Meeting purpose – purpose of tools ("maps")	summary of meeting to
	5. Set groundrules	attendees, coordinator,
	6. Timeline	funder(s).
	7. Relationships	
	8. Extending invitations - Who else to include in the	
	planning	
	9. Set next meeting agenda	
Session 2*		
	2 nd Meeting	Digital photos & brief
	- Preferences	summary of meeting to
	 Learning styles, what works/ doesn't work 	attendees, coordinator,
	 Communication/ relationships/ supervision style 	funder(s).
	- Strengths/ accomplishments/ skills	
	3 rd Meeting (Optional tools)	Digital photos & brief
	1. Visions	summary of meeting to
	2. Current Routine	attendees, coordinator,
	3. Places	funder(s).
	4. Structured brainstorm	
	5. Assignments/ research – participant homework	Mid-term report to
	assignments	funders
	4 th Meeting	Digital photos & brief
	1. Goals	summary of meeting to
	2. Strategies	attendees, coordinator,
	3. Action Plan	funder(s).
Session 3*		
	5 Th - 6 th Meeting	Digital photos & brief
	1. Finalize plan	summary of meeting to
	2. Identify support needs	attendees, coordinator,
	3. Brainstorm available resources	funder(s).
	4. Research options	
	5. Educate family/team about options & talking	
	about internship, volunteering, apprenticeship	
	6. Identify who is making what commitments	
	7 th Meeting	Final report, if required
	Create draft budget for long term goals	by finder(s), including

2. Specify language/ job descriptions for any	goals and plan for
potential long term support people	achieving goals: Who,
3. Next Steps - who needs copies of the plan	what, when, where.
4. Partnership for transition implementation	

^{*}Sessions can be earlier than this in the process, but not later.

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING ENROLLMENT FORM

Participant Name		Date of Birth		
Phone #	OK to e-mail? Y/	N E-Mail		
	oth parents □Independ □	•	nt □ Guardian/ other family 	
Street Address				
City/ State/ Zip				
Parent/ Guardian's Name	e(s)			
Parent/ Guardian's addre	ess if different			
Parent's Phone #(indicat	e work/ cell/ home)			
Parent/ Guardian's Occup	oation(s)			
Parent's Email				
Name of High School:	Address:	Pho	one:	
Case Manager/ Lead Teach	er:			
☐ Regular classes w/ supp	oort Self contained	classes at HS C	community based	
☐ Equally self contained & regular classes	□Out of District)ther	
Primary Disability				
Other health issues/ Second	ondary Disability			
Allergies				
Employment/ Vocatio	nal Experience: Y/ N			
Employer	Address	Work Performed	Dates	

Other informat	tion student/ Family w	vishes to share:	
	rovided by:		
Information Pr			
Information Pr			

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING FACILITATOR COMPETENCIES

	Orienting	Mapping	Exploring Options	Designing Supports	Resources
Facilitation Process	 Guidance to form team Follow and/or define appropriate purpose for planning Facilitate personal history or timeline Establish a "deliberate culture" for strength-based planning 	 Ability to customize and sequence tools Inquiry skills Ability to guide individuals, families and support teams through a creative discovery process 	 Ability to help people define a target and milestones within achievable bounds Clarify doable tasks and starting points Maneuver attention towards long- range outcomes and short-term goals Amplify individuals and family voice in decision-making process 	 Define personalized standards of quality Help people articulate clear supporting roles Frame customized support scenarios to bring options to life Ability to facilitate a "What before How" approach to designing supports and services 	 Ability to guide people through financial planning, matching supports to resources Focus planning on natural resources before systemic sources Facilitate variety of structured problem solving approaches
	Orienting	Mapping	Exploring Options	Designing Supports	Resources
Content Expertise	 Clearly articulate phases of PCP and provide individually relevant examples Language to articulate purpose statements Range of parallel examples to highlight strength-based planning process 	 Understanding of verbal, visual & kinesthetic learning preferences Knowledge-base to formulate questions in critical content areas Familiarity with variety of cooperative planning tools 	 Knowledge of, and ability to integrate to the extent possible, planning processes used by related service systems Concrete examples of options and ability frame individually relevant scenarios to bring options to life Familiarity with decision-making 	 Knowledge-base to educate or advise individuals & families about priorities involved in designing natural support roles and individually tailoring services Understanding of language and terminology commonly used to describe services and 	 Knowledge of a broad-range of natural and service resources Basic working knowledge of regulatory guidelines for key programs and sources Knowledge of who to go to for information about primary funding sources

			models	supports		
	Orienting	Mapping	Exploring Options	Designing Supports	Resources	
Systems Awareness	 Understand difference between PCP & traditional planning approaches Ability to frame key roles Establishes effective rapport with partnering professionals and agencies 	Philosophy geared toward cooperation and focus on including input from critical players while respecting individual and family choices related to planning team membership	 Understanding of benefits and constraints related to commonly available service options Awareness of service networks 	Understanding of, and ability to constructively deal with, potential conflicts of interests and legitimate constraints professionals and agencies may have related to innovative service designs	 Understanding of the difference between facilitation and advocacy and ability to maintain appropriate boundaries Creativity to deal with attitudinal barriers related to expectations and scarcity mindsets 	

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING PARENT TRAINING OUTLINE

We recommend 6 half-day sessions of parent training. These can be offered as six late afternoon/evening sessions, or as three whole days such as one Saturday per month for 3 months.

Suggested topics are as follows:

1. Orientation to Person-Centered Planning

The role families can play in creating a meaningful routine and support network for their son/daughter after leaving high school. An introduction to the adult service system with a focus on innovations, issues and challenges impacting transition outcomes.

2. Assuming Personal Power

Strategies for maximizing creativity and building an effective personal support team. The importance of assuming a leadership role in making your son/daughter's plan for the future real. Strategies for maintaining momentum.

3. Tools for Planning

This session outlines the person-centered planning tools that draw out important information about your family member's preferences, strengths, learning styles and support needs. This information builds a foundation for creating the types of work, home, and social opportunities that will be most meaningful.

4. Designing Opportunities & Supports

This session presents practical approaches for networking and creating opportunities, with information about a broad range of options for custom-designing supports and services to best suit your family member.

5. Using Resources Wisely

In this session, strategies for how to creatively combine and maximize a broad range of resources to cover the cost of supports and services will be explored. General information about key funding sources (e.g. Medicaid, Social Security, Vocational Rehabilitation) will also be provided.

6. Getting To Action

Summarizes course content and supports participants to identify next steps for creating a meaningful routine and support network for their son/daughter after leaving high school.

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING ADVOCACY POLICY

Family-Centered Transition Planning teaches students and families to identify what they want for their future, and then to advocate for themselves and work towards it. Accordingly, the role of a facilitator is not to serve as a direct advocate for a family with funders. A facilitator may attend an IEP or similar meeting and may assist families to communicate a request, or participate in brainstorming and prioritizing, but may not cross the line and "take sides" as a direct advocate for or against a party to a disagreement.

Facilitators help students and families understand what they can expect and what expenses are allowable by various funding sources, and what consumer rights and complaint procedures apply. But along with this, facilitators take care to explain the reality that funding is limited and that unreasonable requests often backfire, so a spirit of compromise and willingness to prioritize what is most important and not insist on getting everything is most effective.

Facilitators also help students and families look creatively at multiple sources of assistance, including natural and informal supports, including looking at the kinds of assistance and support parents typically provide to their teenage and young adult children without disabilities -- such as paying fees and tuition and providing transportation -- and encourage them to apply a similar standard to a child with a disability.

FAMILY CENTERED TRANSITION PLANNING FINAL REPORT FORMAT – VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION

Date:	Particip	pant:	F	acilitator:		
	Date Started / Ended; # MeetingsTopics / Summary					
	ement / Clarity of Care d Engagement					
 Job tasks 	Ended Typ	ces e of Experience supports provided	Type of	Work & Company		
4. Critical Success C	onsiderations					
Vocational Co Work Environ Type of Super Tasks / Duties Learning Style Job Support	ment vision	What Works		What Doesn't Work		
5. Top Job Ideas ger	nerated by youtl	n & team				
6. Network Contacts	for Job Ideas					
7. Other Recommendations						